### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# ASB6 as an Independent Prognostic Biomarker for Colorectal Cancer Progression Involves Lymphatic Invasion and Immune Infiltration

Qingyong Hu<sup>†\*</sup>, Yahui Chen<sup>†</sup>, Qianru Zhou, Shanshan Deng, Bo Mu, and Jiancai Tang<sup>\*</sup>

Institute of Basic Medicine and Forensic Medicine, North Sichuan Medical College, Nanchong, 637000, China

<sup>†</sup>These authors contributed equally to this work.

\*Co-correspondence: Jiancai Tang and Qingyong Hu

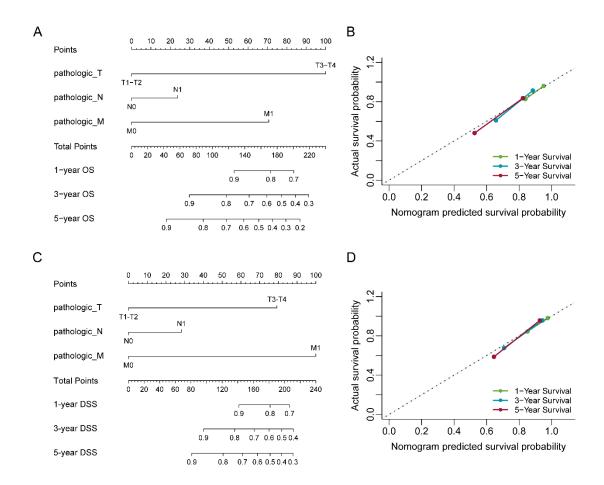
Email: <u>tangjiancai@nsmc.edu.cn</u> (Jiancai Tang); <u>huqy@nsmc.edu.cn</u> (Qingyong Hu)

**Supplementary Figures S1** 

**Supplementary Table S1-2** 

**Supplementary Data 1** 

#### **Supplementary Figure S1**



Supplementary Figure S1. Nomogram for calculating risk score and predicting the probabilities of overall survival (OS) or disease-specific survival (DSS). (A, C) Postoperative prognostic nomogram for colorectal cancer patients was established based on the TNM staging system; (B, D) Calibration curves for the nomogram were plotted to evaluate the congruence between the predicted and observed proportions of OS or DSS at 1, 3, and 5 years. The x-axis denotes the survival probability as predicted by the nomogram, while the y-axis indicates the actual observed survival proportion.

## **Supplementary Table S1.** The predictive performance (c-index) of the nomogram constructed based on different variables for overall survival (OS).

| Overall survival | TNM stage<br>(TNM-nomogram) | ASB6<br>(ASB6-nomogram)   | ASB6 + Cancer status +M<br>stage<br>(New-nomogram) |
|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1-year           | 0.614(95%CI 0.561-0.668)    | 0.566(95%CI 0.509-0.623)  | 0.765(95%CI 0.701-0.830)                           |
| 3-year           | 0.724(95%CI 0.692-0.757)    | 0.631(95%CI 0.594-0.668)  | 0.816(95%CI 0.773-0.858)                           |
| 5-year           | 0.734(95%CI 0.703-0.764)    | 0.630(95% CI 0.594-0.665) | 0.820(95%CI 0.780-0.860)                           |

## **Supplementary Table S2.** The predictive performance (c-index) of the nomogram constructed based on different variables for disease-specific survival (DSS).

| Disease-<br>specific<br>survival | TNM stage<br>(TNM-nomogram) | ASB6<br>(ASB6-nomogram)   | ASB6 + Cancer status<br>+Tumor stage<br>(New-nomogram) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1-year                           | 0.709(95%CI 0.654-0.764)    | 0.613(95%CI 0.549-0.678)  | 0.923(95%CI 0.892-0.954)                               |
| 3-year                           | 0.791(95%CI 0.759-0.824)    | 0.643(95% CI 0.598-0.687) | 0.929(95%CI 0.915-0.944)                               |
| 5-year                           | 0.803(95%CI 0.772-0.834)    | 0.639(95% CI 0.595-0.682) | 0.934(95%CI 0.921-0.947)                               |

**Supplementary Data 1.** IP-MS analysis of ASB6-interacting proteins.