1 Supplementary Tables

2 Table S1. Frequency distribution of survey questions and answers of all physicians.

	(N=226)
1. Where do you work ?	
a. General Hospital	130 (58%
b. University Hospital	62 (27%)
c. Research Institute	34 (15%)
d. Private Clinic	0 (0%)
2. In which area of Italy do you work?	
a. Norther Italy	104 (46%
b. Central Italy	32 (14%)
c. Southern Italy	90 (40%)
3. You are:	
a. Resident	34 (15%)
b. Specialist	192 (85%
4. How old are you?	
a. < 30 years	14 (6%)
b. 30-35 years	44 (19%)
c. 36-40 years	28 (12%)
d. 41-50 years	50 (22%)
e. > 50 years	90 (40%)
5. How many years of practice do you have?	
a. ≤ 5 years	60 (27%)
b. 6-10 years	18 (8%)
c. 11-15 years	26 (12%)
d. > 15 years	122 (54%
6. Do you practice Gynecologic Oncology?	
a. Occasionally	106 (47%
b. It is my principal activity	120 (53%
7. Do you perform EOC surgery as:	
a. First surgeon	112 (50%
b. Assistant surgeon	114 (50%
8. How long have you been practicing oncological gynecology?	
a. ≤ 5 years	70 (31%)
b. 6-10 years	42 (19%)
c. > 10 years	114 (50%
9. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients are treated ea	ch year?
a. <=10	66 (29%)
b. 11-20	54 (24%)

c. 21-30	24 (11%)
d. >30	82 (36%)
10. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients at stage I-II are treated each year?	
a. ≤5/year	74 (33%)
b. 6-10/ year	86 (38%)
c. 11-15/year	36 (16%)
d. 15/ year	30 (13%)
11. In your center, which surgical approach do you use in patients with early ovarian cancer?	
a. Laparoscopic/both	172 (76%)
b. Laparotomic	54 (24%)
12. In your center, in what percentage of cases do you use the laparoscopic approach?	
a. <=10	70 (31%)
b. 11-30	70 (31%)
c. > 30%	86 (38%)
14. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients are candidated to fertility sparing surgery each year?	
a. 0-2/year	140 (62%)
c. 2-5/year	70 (31%)
b. > 5/year	16 (7%)
18. In your center, which surgical approach do you use in patients with ovarian tumors who are candidates for fertility sparing surgery?	
a. Laparoscopic/both	198 (88%)
b. Laparotomic	28 (12%)
19. In your center, in what percentage of cases do you adopt the laparoscopic approach in patients candidated for fertility sparing surgery? *	
a. 0%	32 (15%)
b. < 25%	72 (33%)
c. 25-50%	32 (15%)
d. 50-100%	52 (24%)
e. 100%	28 (13%)
21. In your center, do you have the opportunity to perform an extemporaneous intraoperative examination?	
a. Yes	220 (97%)
b. No	6 (3%)
22. In your center, do you have a dedicated pathologist available?	
a. Yes	154 (68%)
b. No	72 (32%)

23. Do you have a dedicated general surgeon on your team?	
a. Yes	144 (64%)
b. No	82 (36%)
24. What do you consider as optimal cytoduction?	
a. No gross residual disease	180 (80%)
b. Residual disease ≤ 0.5 cm	24 (11%)
c. Residual disease ≤ 1 cm	22 (10%)
25. In your center, who evaluate the residual disease after the surgery?	
a. The first operator	162 (74%)
b. A second surgeon	2 (1%)
c. The patient undergoes a CT scan after the surgery	54 (25%)
26. In your center ,in what percentage of patients do you get optimal	
cytoreduction?	
a. <20%	40 (18%)
b. 21-40%	36 (16%)
c. 41-60%	64 (28%)
d. 61-80%	46 (20%)
e. >80%	40 (18%)
28. In your center, in cases where you suspect the impossibility of direct cytoreduction, do you always perform a diagnostic laparoscopy before	
laparotomy?	
a. Yes	182 (81%)
b. No	44 (19%)
29. In your center, in cases where you suspect the impossibility of direct	
cytoreduction, do you always perform a minilaparotomy before	
a. Yes	30 (13%)
b. No	196 (87%)
31. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a	170 (0770)
diaphragmatic resection?	
a. 0%	102 (45%)
b. 1%-20%	92 (41%)
c. 21-40%	14 (6%)
d. >40%	18 (8%)
32. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a	
diaphragmatic peritonectomy? *	
a. 0%	66 (30%)
b. <25%	64 (29%)
c. 25-50%	38 (17%)
d. 51-75%	34 (15%)
e. 76-100%	18 (8%)

34. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a bowel resection?	
a. < 5%	114 (50%)
b. 5-10%	60 (27%)
c. 10-20%	30 (13%)
d. >20%	22 (10%)
35. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a splenectomy?	
a. <5%	150 (66%)
b. 5%-15%	58 (26%)
c. > 15%	18 (8%)
36. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a liver resection?	
a. 0%	76 (34%)
b. 1-10%	138 (61%)
c. >10%	12 (5%)
37. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform multiple liver resection?	
a. 0%	144 (64%)
b. 1-10%	74 (33%)
c. >10%	8 (4%)
38. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a distal resection of the pancreas?	
a. 0%	136 (60%)
b. 1-5%	74 (33%)
c. >5%	16 (7%)
39. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a cholecystectomy?	
a. 0%	66 (29%)
b. 1-10%	138 (61%)
c. >10%	22 (10%)
40. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform systematic pelvic lymphadenectomy?	
a. 0%	58 (26%)
b. 1-25%	56 (25%)
c. 26-50%	46 (20%)
d. > 50%	66 (29%)
41. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a systematic lombo-aortic lymphadenectomy?	
a. 0%	70 (31%)
b. 1-25%	74 (33%)

c. 26-50%	36 (16%)
d. >50%	46 (20%)
42. In your center, In what percentage of patients do you perform only	
bulky lymph nodes removal?	
a. <25%	64 (28%)
b. 25-50%	62 (27%)
c. 51-75%	36 (16%)
d. 76-100%	64 (28%)
43. For patients not eligible for surgery, neoadjuvant chemotherapy is decided based on histological exam:	
a. Yes, in the majority of cases	114 (50%)
b. Yes, always	104 (46%)
c. Often, citologic examination of ascitic fluid is sufficient	8 (4%)
44. In your center, what percentage of patients do you refer to neoadjuvant chemotherapy?	
a. <20%	58 (26%)
b. 20-30%	74 (33%)
c. 31-40%	52 (23%)
d. >40%	42 (19%)
45. In your center, what type of neoadjuvant chemotherapy do your	
patients receive?	
a. Carboplatin and placlitaxel	194 (86%)
b. Carboplatin alone	10 (4%)
c. Carboplatin and other drug	16 (7%)
d. Other drug combinations	6 (3%)
46 In your center, how many cycles of neoadjuvant chemotherapy do your patients receive on average before surgery?	
a. 3	122 (64%)
b. 4	14 (7%)
c. >=5	56 (29%)
48. The answers to these questions are based on?	
a. Rough estimate	190 (84%)
b. Database	36 (16%)

7 Table S2. Frequency distribution of survey questions and answers among first operators and8 assistants.

	7. Do you perform EOC surgery as:			
	a. First surgeon (N=110)	b. Assistant surgeon (N=82)	Total (N=192)	p value
4. How old are you?	. ,			< 0.001
a. < 30 years	2 (2%)	22 (27%)	24 (12%)	
b. 30-35 years	10 (9%)	18 (22%)	28 (15%)	
c. 36-40 years	26 (24%)	24 (29%)	50 (26%)	
d. 41-50 years	72 (65%)	18 (22%)	90 (47%)	
e. > 50 years				< 0.001
5. How many years of practice do you have?	2 (2%)	26 (32%)	28 (15%)	
a. \leq 5 years	2 (2%)	16 (20%)	18 (9%)	
b. 6-10 years	12 (11%)	14 (17%)	26 (14%)	
c. 11-15 years	94 (85%)	26 (32%)	120 (62%)	
6. Do you practice Gynecologic Oncology?				< 0.001
a. Occasionally	30 (27%)	54 (66%)	84 (44%)	
b. It is my principal activity	80 (73%)	28 (34%)	108 (56%)	
8. How long have you been practicing oncological gynecology?				< 0.001
a. \leq 5 years	12 (11%)	32 (39%)	44 (23%)	
b. 6-10 years	14 (13%)	22 (27%)	36 (19%)	
c. > 10 years	84 (76%)	28 (34%)	112 (58%)	
9. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients are treated each year?				0.045
a. <=10	22 (20%)	30 (37%)	52 (27%)	
b. 11-20	32 (29%)	16 (20%)	48 (25%)	
c. 21-30	10 (9%)	10 (12%)	20 (10%)	
d. >30	46 (42%)	26 (32%)	72 (38%)	
10. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients at stage I-II are treated each year?				0.181
a. $\leq 5/year$	44 (40%)	22 (27%)	66 (34%)	
b. 6-10/ year	36 (33%)	38 (46%)	74 (39%)	
c. 11-15/year	16 (15%)	10 (12%)	26 (14%)	
d. 15/ year	14 (13%)	12 (15%)	26 (14%)	
11. In your center, which surgical				0.162

approach do you use in patients with early ovarian cancer?				
a. Laparoscopic/both	90 (82%)	60 (73%)	150 (78%)	
b. Laparotomic	20 (18%)	22 (27%)	42 (22%)	
12. In your center, in what percentage of cases do you use the laparoscopic approach?				0.043
a. <=10	24 (22%)	32 (39%)	56 (29%)	
b. 11-30	34 (31%)	20 (24%)	54 (28%)	
c. > 30%	52 (47%)	30 (37%)	82 (43%)	
14. In your center, how many ovarian cancer patients are candidated to fertility sparing surgery each year?				0.002
a. 0-2/year	60 (55%)	60 (73%)	120 (62%)	
c. 2-5/year	46 (42%)	16 (20%)	62 (32%)	
b. > 5/year	4 (4%)	6 (7%)	10 (5%)	
18. In your center, which surgical approach do you use in patients with ovarian tumors who are candidates for fertility sparing surgery?				0.258
a. Laparoscopic/both	100 (91%)	70 (85%)	170 (89%)	
b. Laparotomic	10 (9%)	12 (15%)	22 (11%)	
19. In your center, in what percentage of cases do you adopt the laparoscopic approach in patients candidated for fertility sparing surgery? *				0.010
a. 0%	8 (7%)	18 (24%)	26 (14%)	
b. < 25%	42 (39%)	18 (24%)	60 (33%)	
c. 25-50%	10 (9%)	12 (16%)	22 (12%)	
d. 50-100%	30 (28%)	20 (26%)	50 (27%)	
e. 100%	18 (17%)	8 (11%)	26 (14%)	
21. In your center, do you have the opportunity to perform an extemporaneous intraoperative examination?				1.000
a. Yes	106 (96%)	80 (98%)	186 (97%)	
b. No	4 (4%)	2 (2%)	6 (3%)	
22. In your center, do you have a dedicated pathologist available?				0.283
a. Yes	76 (69%)	50 (61%)	126 (66%)	
b. No	34 (31%)	32 (39%)	66 (34%)	_
23. Do you have a dedicated general surgeon on your team?				0.001
a. Yes	82 (75%)	42 (51%)	124 (65%)	

b. No	28 (25%)	40 (49%)	68 (35%)	
24. What do you consider as optimal cytoduction?				0.159
a. No gross residual disease	88 (80%)	64 (78%)	152 (79%)	
b. Residual disease ≤ 0.5 cm	14 (13%)	6 (7%)	20 (10%)	
c. Residual disease ≤ 1 cm	8 (7%)	. ,	20 (10%)	
25. In your center, who evaluate the	· · · ·		~ /	0.246
residual disease after the surgery?				
a. The first operator	84 (78%)	54 (71%)	138 (75%)	
b. A second surgeon	2 (2%)	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	
c. The patient undergoes a CT scan after the surgery	22 (20%)	22 (29%)	44 (24%)	
26. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you get optimal				0.002
cytoreduction? a. <20%	16 (150/)	18 (220/)	24(190/)	
a. <20% b. 21-40%	16 (15%) 14 (13%)	18 (22%) 20 (24%)	34 (18%) 34 (18%)	
c. 41-60%	14 (1370) 36 (33%)	· · · · ·	50 (26%)	
d. 61-80%	30 (3370) 18 (16%)		40 (21%)	
e. >80%	18 (1070) 26 (24%)	8 (10%)	40 (2170) 34 (18%)	
28. In your center, in cases where you suspect the impossibility of direct cytoreduction, do you always perform a diagnostic laparoscopy before laparotomy?				
a. Yes	94 (85%)	60 (73%)	154 (80%)	
b. No	16 (15%)	22 (27%)	38 (20%)	
29. In your center, in cases where you suspect the impossibility of direct cytoreduction, do you always perform a minilaparotomy before laparotomy?				1.000
a. Yes	16 (15%)	`	28 (15%)	
b. No	94 (85%)	70 (85%)	164 (85%)	
31. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a diaphragmatic resection?				< 0.001
a. 0%	38 (35%)	50 (61%)	88 (46%)	
b. 1%-20%	48 (44%)	28 (34%)	76 (40%)	
c. 21-40%	12 (11%)	0 (0%)	12 (6%)	
d. >40%	12 (11%)	4 (5%)	16 (8%)	
32. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a diaphragmatic peritonectomy? *				< 0.001

34. In your center, in what percentage of				< 0.001
patients do you perform a bowel resection?				
a. < 5%	36 (33%)	58 (71%)	94 (49%)	
b. 5-10%	42 (38%)	× /	56 (29%)	
c. 10-20%	18 (16%)	× ,	26 (14%)	
d. >20%	14 (13%)	2 (2%)	16 (8%)	
35. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a splenectomy?				< 0.001
a. <5%	60 (55%)	66 (80%)	126 (66%)	
b. 5%-15%	38 (35%)	12 (15%)	50 (26%)	
c. >15%	12 (11%)	4 (5%)	16 (8%)	
36. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a liver resection?				< 0.001
a. 0%	22 (20%)	42 (51%)	64 (33%)	
b. 1-10%	82 (75%)	36 (44%)	118 (61%)	
c. >10%	6 (5%)	4 (5%)	10 (5%)	
37. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform multiple liver resection?				0.360
a. 0%	76 (69%)	50 (61%)	126 (66%)	
b. 1-10%	30 (27%)	30 (37%)	60 (31%)	
c. >10%	4 (4%)	2 (2%)	6 (3%)	
38. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a distal resection of the pancreas?				0.005
a. 0%	56 (51%)	58 (71%)	114 (59%)	
b. 1-5%	42 (38%)	22 (27%)	64 (33%)	
c. >5%	12 (11%)	2 (2%)	14 (7%)	
39. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a cholecystectomy?				0.038
a. 0%	26 (24%)	30 (37%)	56 (29%)	
b. 1-10%		42 (51%)		
c. >10%	8 (7%)	10 (12%)	18 (9%)	
40. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform systematic pelvic lymphadenectomy?				0.018

patients receive on average before surgery?				
46. In your center, how many cycles of neoadjuvant chemotherapy do your				0.027
d. Other drug combinations	2 (2%)	4 (5%)	6 (3%)	
c. Carboplatin and other drug	4 (4%)	()	16 (8%)	
b. Carboplatin alone	4 (4%)	6 (7%)	10 (5%)	
a. Carboplatin and placlitaxel	100 (91%)	60 (73%)	160 (83%)	
45. In your center, what type of neoadjuvant chemotherapy do your patients receive?				0.006
d. $>40\%$	26 (24%)	10 (12%)	36 (19%)	0.006
c. $31-40\%$	20 (18%)		38 (20%) 26 (10%)	
b. 20-30%	42 (38%)	()	64 (33%) 28 (20%)	
a. <20%	22 (20%)		54 (28%)	
patients do you refer to neoadjuvant chemotherapy?		22 (2004)	54 (2004)	
44. In your center, what percentage of				0.011
c. Often, citologic examination of ascitic fluid is sufficient	0 (0%)	8 (10%)	8 (4%)	
b. Yes, always	54 (49%)	42 (51%)	96 (50%)	
a. Yes, in the majority of cases	56 (51%)	32 (39%)	88 (46%)	
43. For patients not eligible for surgery, neoadjuvant chemotherapy is decided based on histological exam:				0.002
d. 76-100%	42 (38%)	16 (20%)	58 (30%)	
c. 51-75%	22 (20%)	12 (15%)	34 (18%)	
b. 25-50%	32 (29%)	24 (29%)	56 (29%)	
a. <25%	14 (13%)	30 (37%)	44 (23%)	
42. In your center, In what percentage of patients do you perform only bulky lymph nodes removal?				< 0.001
d. >50%	12 (11%)	22 (27%)	34 (18%)	< 0.001
c. 26-50%	14 (13%)		28 (15%)	
b. 1-25%	44 (40%)	· · · ·	68 (35%)	
a. 0%	40 (36%)	22 (27%)	62 (32%)	
41. In your center, in what percentage of patients do you perform a systematic lombo-aortic lymphadenectomy?				0.016
d. > 50%	18 (16%)	30 (37%)	48 (25%)	
c. 26-50%	28 (25%)	14 (17%)	42 (22%)	
b. 1-25%	30 (27%)	20 (24%)	50 (26%)	
a. 0%	34 (31%)	18 (22%)	52 (27%)	

a. 3	78 (71%)	44 (54%)	122 (64%)	
b. 4	8 (7%)	6 (7%)	14 (7%)	
c. >=5	24 (22%)	32 (39%)	56 (29%)	
48. The answers to these questions are based on?				0.090
a. Rough estimate	86 (78%)	72 (88%)	158 (82%)	
b. Database	24 (22%)	10 (12%)	34 (18%)	